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Recolonizations of the Larch Casebearer Parasites, *Agathis pumila* and *Chrysocharis laricinellae*, in Oregon Using the Branch Method, 1977-1981

F. Ebel, P. Joseph, L.N. Kline, L.F. Pettinger, J. Swaby, E. Tarnasky, and R.B. Ryan

Abstract

Larch branches bearing casebearers (*Coleophora laricella* (Hbn.)) parasitized by *Agathis pumila* and *Chrysocharis laricinellae* were collected from sites in Idaho, Montana, and Washington and distributed at 56 other sites in Oregon in an attempt to extend the range of the parasites and hasten biological control of the larch casebearer.

Keywords: Parasites (insect) (- forest pest control, larch casebearer, *Coleophora laricella*, population distribution.

Early Parasite
Releases in the
Pacific Northwest

The larch casebearer, *Coleophora laricella* (Hbn.) is an introduced pest of western larch, *Larix occidentalis* Nutt. Since its discovery in Idaho in 1957 it has spread throughout most larch stands in Idaho, Montana, Washington, Oregon, and British Columbia. A biological control program featuring the release of European and Japanese parasites of the casebearer has been pursued in the Pacific Northwest since 1960 (Denton 1972, 1979; Ryan and Denton 1973; Ryan et al. 1975, 1977; Ryan 1981). Two European parasites, *Agathis pumila* (Ratz.) and *Chrysocharis laricinellae* (Ratz.), have become established and appear to be helping reduce casebearer populations in some areas.

Importation of exotic parasites is limited to the adult stage because of rigid quarantine restrictions to prevent the inadvertent introduction of undesirable species. Parasites can be reliably identified only in the adult stage. After being processed at the quarantine station, adult parasites may be released directly in the field or used to start laboratory cultures from which releases are subsequently made. Both methods have been used in the Pacific Northwest. The numbers of adults that can be released is necessarily limited because of restrictions or physical limitations imposed by quarantine, handling, and/or laboratory rearing. Once a parasite becomes established in an area, however, that new colony can become a source for short-distance

F. EBEL is chief forester, Boise Cascade Corporation, La Grande, Oregon. P. JOSEPH is insect and disease forester, Oregon Department of Forestry, Northeast Oregon District, La Grande, Oregon. J. SWABY is Eastern Oregon Area forest entomologist, Oregon Department of Forestry, Prineville, Oregon. L.N. KLINE is director, Forest Insect and Disease Control, Oregon Department of Forestry, Salem, Oregon. E. TARNASKY is forester, Kinzua Corporation, Heppner, Oregon. L.F. PETTINGER is entomologist, Forest Pest Management, Division of State and Private Forestry, Region 6, USDA Forest Service, Portland, Oregon. R.B. RYAN is principal entomologist, Forestry Sciences Laboratory, Pacific Northwest Forest and Range Experiment Station, Corvallis, Oregon.

recolonizations without further quarantine considerations. Recolonizing parasites within the same area is a way of speeding up natural dispersal. Large numbers of parasites can be released easily and quickly by this method.

With the early establishment of *A. pumila* and the more recent establishment of *C. laricinellae* in several areas of Idaho, Montana, and Washington, these areas became potential sources of parasites for recolonizing other areas. In the mid 1960's, *A. pumila* was distributed to over 300 sites in Idaho, Montana, Washington, and British Columbia by introducing parasitized casebearers on larch branches (Bousfield et al. 1974). This paper reports the recolonization of *A. pumila* and *C. laricinellae* in Oregon between 1977 and 1981 using the branch method.

Parasite Releases in Oregon, 1977-81

Starting in 1977, branch material bearing casebearers parasitized by *A. pumila and C. laricinellae* has been obtained from several different localities in Idaho, Montana, and Washington and distributed at sites in the northern Blue Mountains and elsewhere in Oregon (fig. 1, tables 1-3).

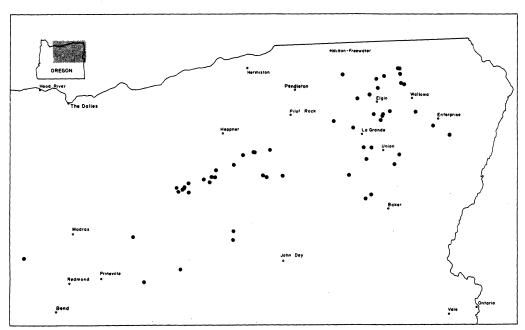


Figure 1. — Locations in northeastern Oregon where the larch casebearer parasites A. pumila and C. laricinellae were released by the branch method from 1977 to 1981.

Before an area was used as a source of parasites, one or both species were verified to be present in reasonably good numbers. The number of parasites released at each location can only be estimated. Some mortality from mechanical damage during handling was inevitable. Approximately 7,000 parasites were probably released at each location. Exact numbers are immaterial; the critical consideration is whether numbers were sufficient to establish new parasite populations. Establishment will be verified by subsequent sampling at some of the release locations.

Table 1 — Summary of larch casebearer parasite introductions by Boise Cascade Corporation in Oregon, using branches taken from establishment sites in Idaho, Montana, and Washington, 1977-81

Primary Cross reference Location 1977 1978 1979 1980 1981 1 T4N, R41E, S22 Idaho 1a T4N, R41E, S23 Idaho 1b T4N, R41E, S23 Idaho 2 T3N, R41E, S11 Idaho 3 T3N, R41E, S35 Idaho 4 T3N, R41E, S35 Idaho 5 T3N, R40E, S9 Idaho Idaho 6 T3N, R39E, S36 Idaho Idaho 8 T1S, R40E, S19 Idaho Mont. Idaho 9 T1S, R40E, S11 Idaho <th colspan="2">Plot number 1/</th> <th></th> <th colspan="4">Year of release and branch source</th>	Plot number 1/			Year of release and branch source				
1a T4N, R41E, S23 Idaho	•		Location	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981
1a T4N, R41E, S23 Idaho	1		TAN RA1F S22	Idaho				
1b T4N, R41E, S23 Idaho	•							
2 T3N, R41E, S11 Idaho								
3 T3N, R41E, S35 Idaho 4 T3N, R41E, S35 Idaho Idaho 5 T3N, R40E, S9 Idaho Idaho 6 T3N, R39E, S15 Idaho Idaho, 7 T1S, R39E, S36 Idaho Mont. Idaho 8 T1S, R40E, S19 Idaho Mont. Idaho 9 T1S, R40E, S17 Idaho Mont. Idaho 10 T1S, R40E, S11 Idaho Mont. Idaho 11 T4S, R39E, S7 Idaho 12²/ ODF 10 T4S, R38E, S9 Wash. Wash. 13²/ ODF 11 T5S, R38E, S10 Wash. Wash. 14²/ ODF 12 T2N, R39E, S11 Wash. Wash.								
4 T3N, R41E, S35 Idaho Idaho 5 T3N, R40E, S9 Idaho Idaho 6 T3N, R39E, S15 Idaho Idaho 7 T1S, R39E, S36 Idaho Mont. Idaho 8 T1S, R40E, S19 Idaho Mont. Idaho 9 T1S, R40E, S17 Idaho Mont. Idaho 10 T1S, R40E, S11 Idaho Mont. Idaho 11 T4S, R39E, S7 Idaho 12½/ ODF 10 T4S, R38E, S9 Wash. Wash. 14½/ ODF 12 T2N, R39E, S11 Wash.				iuano		Idaho		
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12½/ ODF 10 T4S, R38E, S9 Wash. Wash. 13½/ ODF 11 T5S, R38E, S10 Wash. Wash. 14½/ ODF 12 T2N, R39E, S11 Wash. Wash.			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Idaho	Mont.	Idaho		
13 ½/ ODF 11 T5S, R38E, S10 Wash. Wash. 14 ½/ ODF 12 T2N, R39E, S11 Wash. Wash.	11		T4S, R39E, S7	Idaho				
14 ² / ODF 12 T2N, R39E, S11 Wash. Wash.	12 <i>²</i> /	ODF 10	T4S, R38E, S9				Wash.	Wash.
14 ² / ODF 12 T2N, R39E, S11 Wash. Wash.	13 <i>²</i> /	ODF 11	T5S, R38E, S10			'	Wash.	Wash.
	14 <u>²</u> /	ODF 12					Wash.	Wash.
	15 <u>²</u> /	ODF 13					Wash.	Wash.

^{-- =} not applicable.

^{1/} Primary and cross reference designations are necessary to locate plots given different names by different agencies at the time of their establishment.

 $[\]frac{2}{}$ Plots 12-15 are the same as plots 10-13, table 3.

Table 2 — Summary of larch casebearer parasite introductions by Kinzua Corporation in Oregon, using branches taken from establishment sites in Idaho, Montana, and Washington, 1978, 1979, 1981

Plot number	Location	Year of release an	Year of release and branch source		
		1978	1979	1981	
1	T7S, R23E, S10	Mont., Idaho	Idaho	Wash.	
3	T5S, R26E, S30	Mont., Idaho	Idaho	Wash.	
5	T6S, R25E, S20	Mont., Idaho	Idaho	Wash.	
6	T7S, R23E, S16	Mont., Idaho	Idaho	Wash.	
7	T4S, R28E, S21	Mont., Idaho	Idaho	Wash.	
8	T4S, R29E, S17		Idaho	Wash.	
9	T4S, R29E, S16		Idaho	Wash.	
10	T5S, R27E, S15		Idaho	Wash.	
11	T6S, R26E, S17		Idaho	Wash.	
12	T6S, R25E, S13		Idaho	Wash.	
13	T6S, R25E, S35	<i>i</i>	Idaho	Wash.	
14	T6S, R23E, S36		Idaho	Wash.	
15	T7S, R23E, S10		Idaho	Wash.	
16	T7S, R23E, S25		Idaho	Wash.	
- 17	T7S, R22E, S11		Idaho	Wash.	
18	T7S, R23E, S19		Idaho	Wash.	
19	T6S, R30E, S17	Mont., Idaho	Idaho	Wash.	
20	T6S, R30E, S22	Mont., Idaho	Idaho	Wash.	
21	T11S, R27E, S3	Mont., Idaho	Idaho	Wash.	
22	T11S, R27E, S27	Mont., Idaho	Idaho	Wash.	

^{-- =} not applicable.

Table 3 — Summary of larch casebearer parasite introductions by the Oregon Department of Forestry and the USDA Forest Service in Oregon, using branches taken from establishment sites in Idaho, Montana, and Washington, 1979-81 ½/

Plot number ² /		-		Year of release and branch source	
Primary reference	Cross reference	Location	1979	1980	1981
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 ³ / 8 ⁴ / 9 ³ / 10 ⁵ / 11 ⁵ / 12 ⁵ / 13 ⁵ / 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Wallowa 4 Weston Union Co. 8 Baker 1 Baker 2 Baker 3 Umatilla 1 Umatilla 2 BCC 12 BCC 13 BCC 14 BCC 15 Union 5 Union 6 Union 7 Wallowa 1 Wallowa 2 Wallowa 3 Camp Sherman Stevensen Mountain	T2N, R42E, S6 T4S, R30E, S11 T3N, R36E, S1 T5S, R40E, S25 T8S, R38E, S12 T8S, R38E, S21 T6S, R38E, S19 T1S, R35E, S36 T6S, R31E, S13 T4S, R38E, S9 T5S, R38E, S10 T2N, R39E, S11 T4S, R41E, S33 T1N, R38E, S6 T2S, R37E, S22 T1S, R38E, S16-21 T3S, R45E, S14 T1S, R42E, S13 T2S, R44E, S21 T13S, R9E, S10 T11S, R19E, S18	Idaho Idaho Idaho Idaho	Wash. Wash. Wash. Wash. Wash. Wash. Wash. Wash. Wash. Wash. Wash. Wash. Wash. Wash	Wash. Wash.
20	Camp Sherman	T13S, R9E, S10		Wash.	

^{-- =} not applicable.

^{1/} Plots are on privately owned land except as noted.

^{2/} Primary and cross reference designations are necessary to locate plots given different names by different agencies at the time of their establishment.

 $[\]ensuremath{^{3\!\!/}}$ Located on land managed by the Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife.

⁴/ Located on land managed by the Oregon Department of Forestry.

^{5/} Plots 10-13 are the same as plots 12-15, table 1.

^{6/} Located in the Ochoco National Forest.

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